"Engaged in Business" Model Statute – Use Tax Option A

Retailer engaged in business in this state.

(a) Every retailer engaged in business in this state and making sales of [tangible personal property and/or taxable service] for storage, use, or other consumption in this state, not otherwise exempt under this Act, shall register with the Department and at the time of making the sales or, if the storage, use, or other consumption of the [tangible personal property and/or service] is not then taxable hereunder, at the time the storage, use, or other consumption becomes taxable, collect the tax required under this Act from the purchaser.

(b) “Retailer engaged in business in this state” as used in this section means any retailer that has [use tax nexus with this state for purposes of the United States Constitution.][a sufficient connection, or nexus, with this state to be subject to the sales and use tax collection responsibilities under the Constitution of the United States.] "Retailer engaged in business in this state" specifically includes, but is not limited to, any of the following:

1. Any retailer using trademarks, service marks, or trade names in this state that are the same or substantially similar to those used by the retailer.

2. Any retailer maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or indirectly, or through a related party, or agent, by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business in this state.

3. Any retailer having any representative, agent, salesperson, independent contractor, or any other person operating on the retailer’s behalf, including a person operating in this state under the authority of the retailer or a related party for the purpose of selling, delivering, installing, assembling, performing maintenance or repair services for the retailer’s purchasers in this state, or the taking of orders for [tangible personal property and/or taxable service], sold by the retailer, or otherwise establishing or maintaining a market for the retailer’s products [sales tax: for sale in this state.][use tax:
for storage, use or consumption in this state].

(4) Any retailer owning or leasing any real or tangible personal property situated in this state.

(5) Any retailer for whom a related party pursuant to an agreement with or incooperation with the retailer, either owns or leases any real or tangible personal property, or performs services in the state in connection with for storage, use or consumption in this state, including, but not limited to, services to design and develop tangible personal property sold by the retailer, the solicitation of sales of tangible personal property on behalf of the retailer.

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(1) In addition to Subsection (b) above, a retailer is presumed to be engaged in the business of making sales at retail of in this state if the retailer enters into an agreement, directly or indirectly, with one or more residents of this state under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration based on completed sales, directly or indirectly, refers potential purchasers to the retailer, whether by a link on an internet website, written or oral presentation, or otherwise, and if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the retailer to purchasers in this state who are referred to the retailer by all residents of this state with such an agreement with the retailer is greater than $10,000.00 during the immediately preceding 12 months. The presumption created by this Subsection shall not apply if the retailer’s total cumulative gross receipts from sales to purchasers in this state do not exceed $ during the twelve months immediately preceding the sale. [optional: small seller exception]

(2) The presumption created by the operation of Subsection (c)(1) above may be rebutted by proof that the resident with whom the retailer has an agreement did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the retailer that would satisfy the nexus requirements of the United States Constitution during the same preceding 12 months. Evidence to rebut the presumption may consist of verified written statements from all residents with whom the retailer has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any such solicitation or other activities in this state on behalf of the retailer during the
preceding 12 months if the statements are provided and obtained in good faith.

(3) An agreement for advertising services with a person or persons in this state, to be delivered on television, radio, in print, on the Internet, or by any other medium, is not an agreement described in Subsection (c)(1) above, unless the person entering the agreement with the retailer also directly or indirectly solicits potential customers in this state for the retailer through use of flyers, newsletters, telephone calls, electronic mail, blogs, microblogs, social networking sites, or other means of direct or indirect solicitation specifically targeted at potential customers in this state. For purposes of this subsection, an agreement for services based upon commissions or other consideration conditioned upon completed sales in this state is not an agreement for advertising services.

(4) This Subsection shall apply without regard to the date the retailer and the resident entered into the agreement described herein.

(5) The twelve months before the effective date of this Act are included as part of the preceding twelve (12) months for purposes of this Subsection (c).

(d) For purposes of this Section, a retailer and another person are considered related parties if they meet any one of the following tests:

(1) the retailer and one or more persons are component members of the same controlled group of corporations under section 1563 of the Internal Revenue Code; or

(2) the retailer is a related taxpayer to the other person under the provisions of section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code; or

(3) the retailer and the other person is a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, estate, or trust, and such corporation, limited liability company, partnership, estate, or trust and its shareholders, members, partners, or beneficiaries own in the aggregate directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively at least 50 percent of the profits, capital, stock, or value of the other entity or both entities.

(e) The definitions in this Section are only applicable to the taxes levied under this Act.

(f) The provisions of this Section are severable. If any provision of this Section or its
application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

(g) This statute applies to sales made on or after [effective date].

*States can insert language within the brackets to correspond to their particular taxing schema.